

$$y = \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x$$

X	Y
10	2.5937
100	2.7048
1,000	2.7169
10,000	2.7181

↓
e

Base e and Natural Logarithms — Section 9.5

The natural base, $e = \left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right)^n$ as $n \rightarrow \infty$
natural number
 ≈ 2.7183

$$1. e^2 \approx 7.3891$$

$$2. e^{-1.3} \approx .2725$$

The logarithm with base e is called the natural logarithm, sometimes denoted by $\log_e x$, but more often abbreviated $\ln x$.

$$\log_e x = \ln x$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \ln e = \textcircled{1}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \ln 4 \approx 1.3863$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \ln 0.05 \approx -2.9957$$

$$\ln e = \log_e e$$

$$e^n = e$$

$$\ln 4 = \log_e 4$$

$$e^n = 4$$

$$\ln 0.05 = \log_e 0.05$$

$$e^n = 0.05$$

Write an equivalent exponential or logarithmic equation.

$$1. \quad e^x = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} \log_b x = y &\Leftrightarrow b^y = x \\ \ln 5 = x &\Rightarrow \log_e x = \log 5 \\ x \log e &= \log 5 \\ x &= \frac{\log 5}{\log e} \end{aligned}$$

$$3. \quad \ln x \approx 0.6931$$

$$e^{0.6931} = x$$

$$2. \quad e^x = 16$$

$$\ln 16 = x$$

$$4. \quad \ln x \approx 0.5352$$

$$e^{0.5352} = x$$