3. A store is offering a clearance sale on a certain type of digital camera. The original price for the camera was $198. The price decreases 10% each week until all of the cameras are sold. How many weeks will it take for the price of the cameras to drop below half of the original price?

$$y = a(1-r)^t$$

$$\frac{99}{198} = \frac{198(1-.1)^t}{198}$$

$$.5 = .9^t$$

$$\log .5 = \log .9^t \quad \text{or} \quad \ln .5 = \ln .9^t$$

$$\frac{\log .5}{\log .9} = \frac{t \log .9}{\log .9} \qquad \frac{\ln .5}{\ln .9} = \frac{t \ln .9}{\ln .9}$$

$$t \approx 6.58 \text{ weeks}$$

7 weeks

4. Home values in Millersport increase about 4% per year. Mr. Thomas purchased his home eight years ago for $122,000. What is the value of his home now?

$y = a(1+r)^t$

$y = 122{,}000(1+.04)^8$

$y \approx \$166{,}965.42$

A GPS system was purchased for $12,500. After 5 years, the GPS is now worth $8600. To the nearest tenth, what was the rate of depreciation?

$y = a(1-r)^t$

$\frac{8600}{12{,}500} = \frac{12{,}500(1-r)^5}{12{,}500}$

$\sqrt[5]{.688} = \sqrt[5]{(1-r)^5}$

$\sqrt[5]{.688} = 1-r$

$\frac{\sqrt[5]{.688} - 1}{-1} = \frac{-r}{-1}$

$-\sqrt[5]{.688} + 1 = r$

$.0721 = r$

7.2%

Another model for exponential decay is $y = ae^{-kt}$, where k is a constant. This is the model preferred by scientists. Use this model to solve problems involving radioactive decay. Radioactive decay is the decrease in the intensity of a radioactive material over time, such as carbon dating methods.

The half-life of a radioactive substance is the time it takes for half of the atoms of the substance to disintegrate. All life on Earth contains Carbon-14, which decays continuously at a fixed rate. The half-life of Carbon-14 is 5760 years. The value of k for Carbon-14 is ≈ 0.00012

5. A specimen that originally contained 275 milligrams of Carbon-14 is found after 12,560 years. How much Carbon-14 is remaining?

$y = ae^{-kt}$

$y = 275e^{-.00012(12,560)}$

$y = 60.92$ mg

6. A specimen that originally contained 150 milligrams of Carbon-14 now contains 130 milligrams. How old is the fossil?

$y = ae^{-kt}$

$\frac{130}{150} = \frac{150e^{-.00012t}}{150}$

$\frac{130}{150} = e^{-.00012t}$

$\ln\left(\frac{130}{150}\right) = \ln e^{-.00012t}$

$\frac{\ln\left(\frac{130}{150}\right)}{-.00012} = \frac{-.00012t}{-.00012}$

$1192.5 \text{ yrs} \approx t$

7. In 2005, China's population was 1.31 billion people. It's growth can be modeled by the equation $y = 1.31e^{0.0038t}$. How long will it be before China's population reaches 2 billion people?

$2 = 1.31e^{.0038t}$

$\frac{2}{1.31} = e^{.0038t}$

$\ln\frac{2}{1.31} = \ln e^{.0038t}$

$\frac{\ln\frac{2}{1.31}}{.0038} = \frac{.0038t}{.0038}$

$t = 111.34 \text{ yrs}$

$\approx 112 \text{ yrs}$