

$$0 \leq x < 2\pi$$

$$10. \quad 2 \sin^2 x = 5 \sin x + 3$$

$$a x^2 + b x + c = 0$$

$$(\quad)(\quad) = 0$$

$$2 \sin^2 x - 5 \sin x - 3 = 0$$

$$(\sin x - 3)(2 \sin x + 1) = 0$$

$$\sin x - 3 = 0 \quad 2 \sin x + 1 = 0$$

$$\sin x = 3 \quad \sin x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = 210, 330$$

$$x = \frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 \\ \wedge \\ -1 \quad 3 \\ 1 \quad -3 \end{array}$$

$$210 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{7\pi}{6}$$

$$330 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

for all real values \rightarrow radians

$$42. \quad 2 \tan^2 x - 3 \sec x = 0$$

$$2(\sec^2 x - 1) - 3 \sec x = 0$$

$$2 \sec^2 x - 2 - 3 \sec x = 0$$

$$2 \sec^2 x - 3 \sec x - 2 = 0$$

$$(2 \sec x + 1)(\sec x - 2) = 0$$

$$2 \sec x + 1 = 0 \quad \sec x - 2 = 0$$

$$\sec x = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sec x = 2$$

$$\cos x = -2$$

$$\cos x = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x = 60^\circ, 300^\circ$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 \\ \wedge \\ -1 \quad 2 \\ 1 \quad -2 \end{array}$$

$$60 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$300 \times \frac{\pi}{180} = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} x = \frac{\pi}{3} + 2\pi K \\ x = \frac{5\pi}{3} + 2\pi K \end{array} \right\} K = \text{integer}$$

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30-34, 37-40, 46, 72