March 19 2013 7th.gwb - 1/3 - Tue Mar 19 2013 13:32:09

$$(0)^{2}x = (0)x \quad \text{Principal}$$

$$(0)^{2}x = (0)x \quad \text{Values}$$

$$(0)^{2}x - (0)x = 0$$

$$($$

$$\frac{5in2x = -5inx}{5in2x + 5inx = 0}$$

$$\frac{5in2x + 5inx = 0}{25inx(05x + 1) = 0}$$

$$\frac{5inx = 0}{5inx = 0}$$

$$\frac{5inx = 0}{2(05x + 1) = 0}$$

$$\frac{5inx = 0}{(05x = -\frac{1}{2})}$$

$$\frac{(05x = -\frac{1}{2})}{(240^{\circ})}$$

$$0 \le \times <360^{\circ}$$

$$\sqrt{2} \sin x - 1 = 0$$

$$5_{1} \land x = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$5_{1} \land i x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{3}$$

$$X = 45^{\circ}, 135^{\circ}$$

$$0 \le \times 27$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$5 = 0$$

$$45 \times 180 = 1350$$

$$45 \times 180 = 1350$$

$$135 \times 180 = 1350$$

$$135 \times 180 = 1350$$

for all real values
$$\int_{a}^{b} \frac{|x-y|^{2}}{|x-y|^{2}} = \int_{a}^{b} \frac{|x-y|^{2}}{|x-y|^{2}} = \int_{a}^{$$

10.
$$2 \sin^2 x = 5 \sin x + 3$$

$$2 \sin^2 x - 5 \sin x - 3 = 0$$

$$\left(\sin x - 3\right) \left(a \sin x + 1\right) = 0$$

$$25hx+1=0$$

$$5hx=-\frac{1}{2}$$

$$X = 210^{\circ}, 330^{\circ}$$
 $X = 210 \times \frac{111}{180}$
 $210 \times \frac{11}{180}$
 $330 \times \frac{11}{180}$
 $330 \times \frac{11}{180}$
 $330 \times \frac{11}{180}$

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